



Plan ahead when using pesticides.

- Think where water contamination is most likely to happen;
- Organise work to avoid left over spray and reduce sprayer cleaning;
- Do not spray if
 - ground is waterlogged
 - heavy rain is forecast in the next 3 days
 - ground is frozen

The pesticide may run off into the nearest watercourse!

Avoid spills in transit - Think where they could do most damage.

- When Spraying
 - Use low drift nozzles where appropriate
 - Check flow rates
 - Avoid conditions where spray drift can occur
- Do not overspray buffer zones & watercourses;
- Ensure cleaning activities take place away from watercourses;
- Spray tank washings on to the crop;
- Wash the outside of the sprayer before leaving the field;
- Keep tyres as mud-free as possible; contaminated mud can carry pesticides out of the field.

EVERY
DROP
SHOULD
GO ON THE
CROP

Think Water

In the Farmyard



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- **Use a designated mixing and filling area for pesticides**
 - Avoid any spills no matter how small;
 - Fill over a collection pit or on ground which will absorb spills;
 - Always use induction bowl or closed transfer system when available;
 - Avoid hard ground or concrete areas unless bunded;
 - Clear up all spills. NEVER wash splashes or spills into drains;
 - Have cat litter or other absorbent material close by to mop up spills.
- **Take water from a storage tank, bowser or mains with a double check valve;**
- **Never fill near to a watercourse;**
- **Pressure or triple wash empty containers and drain into the induction bowl;**
- **Rinse seals and lids (over induction bowl), place the seals in the product box, and put the lids back on the containers. Place containers upright in the box;**
- **Dispose of the containers by on farm incineration or use a waste disposal contractor;**
- **Before leaving the mixing area check the sprayer for drips or leaks.**



EVERY
SPLASH IS
A THREAT
TO WATER

www.nsts.org.uk

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Think Water

Best Practice
Better Environment